



HIGH WYCOMBE

GROOMING GANG TRANSCRIPT

2017



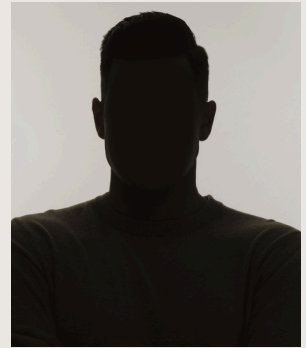
**Mohammed
Kayani**



Berkley John



Saeed Ahmed



**Mohammed
Aslam**



The sentencing remarks of Mohammed Kayani, Berkley John, Saeed Ahmed, and Mohammed Aslam.

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About this case

These remarks concern four defendants, who were arrested after investigations by Thames Valley Police into child sex offences committed in High Wycombe, Aylesbury and Wendover between 1998 and 2002.

The primary victim was described by the judge presiding over the case, HHJ Johannah Cutts, as having a “difficult and troubled childhood” that made her particularly susceptible to exploitation. Between the ages of 12 and 16, she was exploited by the defendants, primarily at a location also known to be associated with drug dealing.

Saeed Ahmed was sentenced to 18 months for permitting the use of premises for unlawful sexual intercourse with a girl under the age of 16.

Mohammed Aslam was sentenced to 17 years for multiple offences of rape.

Berkley John was sentenced to 15 and a half years for multiple offences of both rape and indecency with a child.

Mohammed Kayani was sentenced to 19 years for multiple offences of rape, indecency with a child, and permitting the use of premises for unlawful sexual intercourse with a girl under the age of 13.

The defendants all saw the victim in her school uniform, with John sometimes collecting her from school on false pretences. She was groomed over an extended period of time, often involving the supply and use of drugs.

The judge was critical of the lack of police investigation when the victim, assisted by her teacher, initially made complaints. In her opinion, “it is no exaggeration to say that the abuse that [the victim] sustained has ruined her life” and that she “has had to live with the knowledge for many years that she was not believed.”



BERKLEY & ORS
TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS IN

THE CROWN COURT AT READING

**MS LONG appeared on behalf of the
Prosecution**

The Forbury
Reading



Ref. T20167319

Before JUDGE JOHANNAH CUTTS

R E G I N A

MS SIMPSON appeared on behalf of the defendant Mohammed Kayani
MR SWAIN appeared on behalf of the defendant Berkley John
MR SHAYS appeared on behalf of the defendant Saeed Ahmed
MS BRAMLEY appeared on behalf of the defendant Mohammed Aslam

SENTENCING REMARKS
2nd JUNE 2017, 15.23-15.54

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REPORTING RESTRICTION SECTION 45 OF YJCE ACT 1999 APPLIES REPORTING
RESTRICTION SECTION 1 SEXUAL OFFENCES (AMENDMENT ACT) 1992
APPLIES

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A

JUDGE CUTTS: This case involves sexual offending of a particularly serious kind. [Person A2] had a difficult and troubled childhood. At the age of just 13 years, she was taken into the care of the Buckinghamshire local authority, [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]

It was not entirely clear during the trial why she was living away from home, but that does not seem to me to matter. What was clear was that in her own mind she could not and would not return home to her [Relationship A] and [Relationship B]. The problems she had at home made her isolated and vulnerable. There is no doubt in my mind that she felt

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unloved and uncared for at precisely the age when a young teenage girl needs care and direction the most.

She began to truant from school, finding her way initially to the railway station in Aylesbury, and later drifting towards the taxi rank.

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When she was probably only just 13 years of age, she had the misfortune to meet – maybe she was a little younger than that, but she had the misfortune to meet a man named [Person B] at a train station in Aylesbury, who, recognising her vulnerability and sensing an opportunity for child sex exploitation, brought her to you, Mohammed Kayani, at the [Location A] in High Wycombe.

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This establishment, on what I heard in the course of the trial, does not appear to have been appropriately named, as it seemed to have little to do with selling food and drink. As [Person A2] was to say in her evidence, she never saw a cup of tea sold there. It seems to me that it was in the 1990s a place where people, mostly men, would go to obtain and use drugs, including heroin.

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You have convictions, Mr Kayani, for selling heroin from those premises in the mid 1990s, for which you served a custodial sentence of seven years. It seems clear that the café

was connected to the use and sale of heroin by others in your absence. It is equally clear that upon your release, you continued to have access to heroin and other drugs and continued in certain circumstances to supply them. Indeed, in 2003, after the events with which this trial

has been concerned, you were sentenced to 11 years' imprisonment for drugs offences.

When [Person A2] appeared at the [Location A] for the first time, her youth and vulnerability must have been blindingly obvious. She was in her school uniform and had already divulged that she had problems at home. And I'm satisfied, Mohammed Kayani, that you saw that vulnerability. This should have excited your pity. Instead, you saw only an opportunity to sexually exploit this child. And you set about it, in my view, with precision.

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You told her that you ran the café and you like to see girls. You told her you like the look of her and wanted to help her. You told her that she was special and that you loved her. You did not love her, but you – you knew that that was precisely what this child longed for.

She said it felt to her like a way out. You gave her cannabis on this first occasion.

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You asked her to stay the night. And when she refused, you arranged for her to get home. On the jury's verdict, it would seem, given that you have been acquitted of all counts before she was 13, save allowing your premises to be used, she was only just 13 years of age at this time. You were in your mid to late 40s.

The very next day she called you and asked you to – asked if she could come over.

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And within days, your motive for the compliments and the cannabis became crystal clear. You told her that she was going to have to start paying for the cannabis, as you were running out of that and out of money. You said that if she gave you and your friends – and I use her expression – blow jobs, she could have the cannabis for free.

The first time she did that for you, you in fact gave her cannabis in return. She said

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you continued to do so on more occasions, as she performed oral sex on you and on others at your request. She said the more people she gave oral sex to, the more cannabis she got. Sometimes, she got money.

You were convicted on count 1 of the first time [Person A] did this to you, and on count 2 a sample count of this ongoing behaviour with you. There is no count alleging oral sex with others and I make it clear that I sentence you on the basis of [Person A] – on those counts on the basis of [Person A] performing oral sex upon you alone.

You did not simply give her cannabis. Within a very short time, you gave this 13- year-old child heroin. You then said if she would have sexual intercourse with you and your friend,

she could have it for free, but you could not give it to her for nothing, as it cost a bit.

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She gave varying accounts of the extent to which she took heroin. It seems finally saying in evidence that it was only three times. However many times it was, the fact that you gave heroin to a 13-year-old child and then used that to lure her into further sexual activity with you and others is a serious aggravating factor of your offending.

G

[Person A] had full sexual intercourse with you first of all. She had never had sexual intercourse before. There were many further occasions between you. Count 5 is a sample count of that ongoing behaviour. On one occasion, she said no to you. You showed your true colours when you got angry, hit her head against the wall, and forced her to have sexual intercourse anyway. You told her that, yes, she would. And this, she said, made her think

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she couldn't say no and had to just get on with it. That's your conviction on count 4.

A

You handed [Person A] over to a friend. You arranged for her to have sex with others in the room above the café. She said in evidence that it seemed that you wanted her to have sex more with others than with you. And count 7, your conviction on count 7 reflects that, that being a sample count.

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She said she had anal and vaginal sex with you and with all sorts of men. I have also to sentence you for allowing your premises to be used by [Person A2] when under the age of 13 years to have unlawful sexual intercourse with others. That's your conviction on count 8.

She said she was given makeup, heroin, or just company in return for this sexual activity. She would go, she said, to the [Location A] about five times per week. I accept that

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she said she was not involved in or at the [Location A] for as long as she was later involved with those in Aylesbury. But she did go to the café, it seems to me, on a regular basis. She said in her evidence that when she first met you, she was impressed by how friendly you were and remembered feeling quite close to you. You groomed her. You made

D

her feel as though she had somebody, whether a father figure, and going from that to a boyfriend to giving her drugs. It was you, she said, who bought her mascara, necklaces and bracelets. You told her that you would have a life together. You told her when she was 16 you would marry her, taking her to a different place and starting a life with her. You clearly had no such intention.

[Person A] said that you made her feel wanted, special and grown up. She liked you

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and became prepared to do things for you that she would not otherwise have done. She wanted you to be happy. She wanted to keep hold of you and that that and the heroin were the reasons why she had sexual intercourse with other men when you asked her to. You groomed [Person A2] with a cold disregard for her as a person or as a child. She was easily persuaded that you cared and you did no such thing.

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I heard in the trial evidence from [Person C], who, as an adult with a pre-existing drug addiction, was given heroin by you in payment for her having sexual intercourse with you and others. Her evidence was admitted as being supportive of [Person A2]'s account in light of your denial that no such activity took place at the [Location A]. I make it clear that her **G**

evidence plays no part in my sentencing you today. You were not charged in relation to any behaviour with or towards her, and I sentence you on your behaviour with and towards [Person A] alone.

On all the counts or offences of rape, that is counts 4, five and seven, I place your offending within category 1A of the sentencing guidelines. It seems to me [Person A] was

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particularly vulnerable. There was a significant degree of planning. You acted with others to

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commit some of the offences. You used drugs to facilitate the offending. The offences are aggravated by the fact you were on licence. There was multiple offending, and I consider grooming to be an aggravating factor in the context of this case.

On court 1 and two, indecency with a child, it is difficult to find a relevant guideline

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within the sentencing guidelines. Although lack of consent does not have to be proved for these offences, I sentence you on the basis that she did not freely consent to this activity.

These offences would now be classed as rape and the rape guidelines would apply. I recognise in sentencing you on these counts that they are not convictions for rape but of indecency with a child and look for some guidance to the guidelines for sexual assault. The

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maximum sentence for indecency with a child is 10 years and these offences are serious offences of their kind.

Count 8 has no obvious equivalent within the current sentencing guidelines. It seems to me that the closest offence to it within the Sexual Offences Act of 2003 is the offence of arranging the sexual exploitation of a child, contrary to section 50 of that Act. This offence

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would fall within category 1A of that guideline, in my view. Penetrative sexual activity took

place and you passed [Person A] around to others. You groomed her.

I have already made references to your previous convictions. You have eight convictions for 24 offences. In addition to the convictions I have already referred to, you were sentenced in 1977 to six months' imprisonment for impeding the apprehension of an offender, that in relation to an offence of murder. In 1985, you were sentenced to 12 months' imprisonment for possessing heroin with intent to supply. Since 2003, there are no convictions recorded against you before these.

For reasons that are not altogether clear, there came a time when [Person A] stopped going to the [Location A] and to High Wycombe. She was described by those who knew her

F as a child with some academic potential. However, perhaps unsurprisingly, given her experiences at home and at High Wycombe, she was not attending school regularly, often truanting in the course of the school day. She was still in school uniform and aged 14 years when she did so and when she came across the second defendant, Berkley John.

Berkley John is not here today for his sentence, through no fault of his own. He has been taken to hospital. But I continue to sentence him on the application of his council, Mr Swain.

At this time, Berkley John was a taxi driver working for a company called the Five 2s, aged between 58 and 61 years in the time he knew [Person A]. He would often be on the taxi rank in Aylesbury town centre, and there he saw her in her school uniform. There is no

H evidence that he is aware of what had happened to her in High Wycombe or that he was

A aware that she was groomed there. I am quite satisfied, however, that Berkley John knew how young, vulnerable and lonely [Person A2] was.

She was at the taxi rank because she felt lonely at home and was not getting the affection she wanted. As she said in her own words in the course of her evidence, "I think he

saw me as a lost child he could pick on." I am satisfied that Berkley John knew that she lived in a children's home. He was seen sitting outside that home in his taxi one Sunday morning.

Berkley John, in my view, encouraged [Person A2] to spend time with him. She has described him as very cuddly at first, although not in the way a child would want. He made her feel she could talk to him about her feelings, making her feel better, telling her not to

C worry, as she was with him now. He gave her money and cigarettes. In my view, this had nothing to do, as he maintained through his counsel at trial, with Mr John simply being friendly to a child in need. He had a clear ulterior purpose, and that became plain when he made clear to [Person A] that she had to perform oral sex upon him in return for his gifts.

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He was convicted on counts 10, a specific count, and 11, a sample count, which reflected this behaviour. These are convictions for offences of indecency with a child. Mr John wanted to go further with her himself but could not sustain an erection. But on one occasion, he urinated on her instead. In my view, an additional degrading act.

Berkley John did not confine his exploitation of [Person A] to himself. You, Mohammed

Aslam, were the controller of your taxi firm, based in a private office above a kebab shop in Aylesbury to which the public did not have access. You were then aged in your mid-40s. I am certain, on the evidence I heard, that Berkley John introduced [Person A] to you, Mr Aslam, for the purposes of non-consensual sexual activity.

Berkley John, in my view, didn't care what you, Mr Aslam, did with [Person A], but clearly contemplated it could go as far as rape. Berkley John would drive her to the office for

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that purpose, sometimes collecting her from school, pretending to staff that he was there in his capacity as a taxi driver to take her to a medical or dental appointment.

You, Mohammed Aslam, raped [Person A2] regularly and without thought of her wishes. I am quite satisfied that you knew Berkley John had groomed her. You knew her **G**

age, that she was as young as 14 when you first met her. You saw her in her school uniform, but you couldn't care less. It was clear from [Person A2]'s evidence in the trial that she was frightened of you.

The jury convicted both Berkley John and you, Mohammed Aslam, of rape on counts 14 and 15. Count 14, the first occasion that Berkley John drove her to the office and told her

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to go up to meet you, Mr Aslam, when you, Mr Aslam, raped her. Count 15 is a sample

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count of that same behaviour. It's clear, Mohammed Aslam, that you had both vaginal and anal intercourse with [Person A].

You have the telephone number of the payphone at her school and you would arrange a time for her to be there for you to speak with her to make such arrangements as suited you for you – her to come and see you for your own purposes. You paid her five or 10 pounds each time. There were, she said, many more than four or five times. And [Person A2] sobbed in evidence as she described how she would, after visiting you, return to school wet and dirty.

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There was an occasion when [Person A] was 15 years of age when she came to the office. You, Mohammed Aslam, hurt her and she asked you to stop. Your attitude towards her was clear when you refused to do so, simply looking at her until you were finished, and

that is your conviction upon count 12.

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On this occasions, [Person A] went to the police with the knickers she had been wearing. She was interviewed by the police and told them of this incident. Your semen was found in the crotch area of those knickers. This led to what I find to be, and what the jury found to be, your false assertion at trial, when, in an attempt to explain this, you told the jury that [Person A] had come to you as a prostitute out of the blue, telling you she was 17. She did no such thing. She did not use you in the way you suggested in evidence. You utterly used her.

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Just over a month later, [Person A] returned to you, saying she felt lonely. This was on a Good Friday. You raped her again, and this was disclosed in the second police interview in 2002. That is the conviction on count 13.

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I am satisfied that you told her you had a [Relationship C] called [Person D]. She knew someone called Person 1 in the year above her at school. This was not in fact your [Relationship C] but you let her believe that she was and implied that she would batter [Person A] if she told anyone of what you were doing. You were very clear that you only wanted a child to have sexual intercourse with. By the time she was 16, you told her that you didn't want her anymore.

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I place the rapes committed by you, Mohammed Aslam, both those committed alone and those committed with the assistance of Berkley John, within category 1A of the sentencing guidelines. I see no reason on the joint enterprise counts to differentiate between Berkley John and you. You, Mohammed Aslam, committed the rape but it was Berkley John who groomed [Person A] and arranged for her to go to you. Berkley John drove her there.

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[Person A2] was particularly vulnerable, due to her personal circumstances. There was a significant degree of planning and commercial exploitation. I also view grooming as an aggravating factor in the circumstances of your offending, and the offending behaviour occurred on more than one occasion.

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What I have said about the guidelines on counts 1 and two applies equally to counts 10 and 11, convictions of indecency with a child in relation to Berkley John. I again form the view that [Person A2] was not consenting freely to this behaviour and they are again serious offences of their kind.

What I have said about the – sorry, start again. You, Mohammed Aslam, are a man of

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previous good character. Berkley John has old convictions, 10 for 25 offences, the last one, assault in 1975, and he has served only short custodial sentences of six months' imprisonment in the past. These are not relevant to this sentencing exercise, in my view. There was no prior sexual offending on his record.

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Mr Ahmed, you have been acquitted of many of the counts you faced and I'm to sentence you for permitting your premises to be used for the purposes of unlawful sexual intercourse with a girl under the age of 16 years. [Person A] was 15 when she started to come to your premises, another kebab shop in Aylesbury. Whilst I sentence you on the basis that, as far as you were concerned, such activity was consensual, the jury's verdict shows that you knew that [Person A] was underage. In fact, you saw her in her school uniform.

The offence is aggravated by the fact that you did not allow your premises to be used for one occasion of unlawful sexual intercourse or even just a few. [Person A2] was clear in her evidence, and I accept it, that she would go frequently to your premises, and, once there, would have frequent sexual intercourse with others. She said that you would pay her. On one occasion, there were as many as eight men, she said, in a night. This, therefore, is a

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serious offence of its kind.

I look for assistance in the sent – current sentencing guidelines to the guidelines for section 49 of the Sexual Offences Act 2003, facilitating the sexual exploitation of a child. I agree with Mr Shays that this falls within category 1C. The maximum sentence for such an

offence is longer than the maximum sentence for the offence for which I am to sentence you today and I take that into account. You are of previous good character.

For much of her adolescent life, [Person A] was used and abused by each of the first three defendants in this case. She was abused, Mr Ahmed, on your premises. Her complaints in 2001 and 2002 were not taken further at that time. [Person A], a troubled teenager, had

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made admittedly false sexual allegations against others. The police at that time took the view

– took the view, without investigating

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whether there was any evidence to support her account, that she could not be relied upon as a credible witness.

[Person A] was told in a meeting in 2002 that unless she could provide supporting evidence of any allegation, whether by there being a witness or by her obtaining forensic evidence, there would be no future prosecution of any sexual allegations she made. I can well understand the anger of [Person E], a teacher at [Person A]'s school, who attending the

meeting, who felt, in my view rightly, that [Person A] was being advised to be sexually assaulted again to obtain evidence.

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Had the police checked at that time with social workers who were responsible for [Person A]’s care, they would have obtained much of the evidence which was placed before the jury at this trial.

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[Person A2], now aged 31, has had to live with the knowledge for many years that she was not believed. She saw herself as a child prostitute. That is not to say that your offending had no impact upon her. Her moving impact statement makes clear how your offending interfered with her education and her ability to make friends at the time. She has described in that statement how what was happening turned her into a very depressed, lonely, ashamed and hurting child.

I recognise that she was abused by others as well as by each of you, and that additional abuse will have played a part in the impact on her young life. That does not mean that your offending was inconsequential – inconsequential. The impact of your offending does not end there. It is no exaggeration to say that the abuse that she sustained has ruined her life. She, an intelligent and attractive woman, has been unable to find or sustain relationships. She has no feeling of self-worth. Her inability to cope with life has led to problems with drugs and alcohol. [REDACTED]

E

[REDACTED].

In 2013, [Person A] was approached by the police after a cold case review, who asked her whether she would be willing to take part in the investigation into this case. She has shown enormous courage in coming to this court to give her evidence, which took a week in

total, knowing that she would have to re-live her ordeals, knowing that she would be accused of lying, and knowing that she has not been believed before. Doing so has caused her great pain, with the flashbacks increasing in number and intensity. And I accept that she has suffered post traumatic stress disorder. The conduct of the first three defendants in this case, in my view, contributed to the severe or serious psychological harm that she has suffered.

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Mohammed Kayani, in sentencing you, I have read the letter that you have written to me. I take into account that the impact – the impact of a custodial sentence on you will fall particularly harshly on your family. Your wife suffers with depression and heart problems. Your teenage son has sadly been diagnosed with leukaemia and his mother cannot, as a result **B**

of her own problems, assist him in the way that you can. You have a 25-year-old daughter who also suffers from a heart condition.

I readily accept that you are a loving father and supportive to your family. If you are not at home, they will suffer more. That is sadly often the case where those who commit criminal offences are sentenced to custody. The fact that they will have to face these

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difficulties without you is, I'm afraid, as a result of your offending behaviour. I take into account you have no convictions since 2003, which was a conviction for offences which took place in 2002. The [Location A] has been turned into a furniture shop and you have lived a law-abiding life since you were last released from custody. I take that into account but it can only be of limited mitigation in this case. [Person A] has had to live

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with the consequences of your offending, as you have put such behind you. You are now 65 years of age. I recognise that custody will be harder as a result.

In sentencing Berkley John, I take into account he is now 76 years of age and in poor health. He has heart problems and has suffered from those problems in the weeks since the jury's verdict when I remanded him into custody. He has circulatory problems and other

health issues connected to his age. I recognise there has been a delay in sentencing him. I accept this means he is facing custody at a more advanced age than would otherwise be the case. On the other hand, he has been living his life without punishment hitherto whilst [Person A] has been trying to cope with what he and, I accept, others did to her.

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Mohammed Aslam, in sentencing you I take into account that you have, before and

after your offending, worked all your life and led a law-abiding life. I've seen a letter which shows that in past, in 1990, you helped the police identify an escaped prisoner. You have always been, as I say, in employment. You are married. You have six children. At the time of this offending, you had problems within your marriage, with six young children, and you were working shifts. That cannot of course excuse your behaviour.

You are now aged 59 years of age and not in the best of health, suffering from diabetes, with blood pressure and cholesterol problems. I'm told that you are remorseful. I heard you

apologise to [Person A] when you were giving evidence during the course of the trial. Your remorse was not such that you pleaded guilty to these matters, and [Person A] had to give evidence against you.

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I accept custody will have a significant impact on you in your later years. Again, [Person A] has had to live with your conduct over the years since they occurred. In fact, she

still does.

Mr Ahmed, in sentencing you, I take into account that you were acquitted of the more

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serious offences against you. You are of previous good character. I have read all the references placed before me, which show you in a different light, a different side to your character. You are seen by members of your community as a man of standing within it. You are described as generous and trustworthy, and devoted to your family. You are married. You have five children in total between the ages of 10 months and 10 years of age.

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I accept any immediate incarceration will impact on your wife and family, as it always does. Again, that would be as a result of what you had done. I recognise these offences occurred a long time – or this offence occurred a long time ago and you have not offended since.

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The fact remains, Mohammed Kayani, for Berkley John and for you, Mr Aslam, that the offences of which you are convicted are manifestly so serious that only custodial sentences can be justified and they must be of some length.

In each of your cases, I have looked at the overall offending and have increased the sentence on the rape counts to reflect the totality of that offending. All sentences will run concurrently.

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Mr Ahmed, you have been convicted of a lesser offence, which carries a two-year maximum penalty. I have considered whether there should be an immediate term of imprisonment in your case or whether I could suspend it. I have decided that the sentence must be an immediate term. This is a serious case of its kind and in my view so serious that only an immediate custodial sentence can be justified. Stand up all of you, please.

F

Mohammed Kayani, the total sentence in your case is one of 19 years' imprisonment. It is made up in the following way. Counts 4, five and seven, 19 years' imprisonment, counts 1 and two, six years' imprisonment, count 8, eight years' imprisonment. You can sit down.

For Berkley John, the total sentence in his case is one of 15 and a half years'

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imprisonment, made up in the following way. Counts 14 and 15, 15 and a half years' imprisonment, counts 10 and 11, five years' imprisonment.

Mohammed Aslam, you are to be sentenced for two additional rapes, committed without the assistance of Berkley John. The total sentence in your case is one of 17 years' imprisonment on each of counts 12, 13, 14 and 15.

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Mr Ahmed, on count 30 of this indictment, I sentence you to 18 months' imprisonment. You can sit down.

In the case of each of you, you will serve half of your sentence whereupon you will be released on licence until the end of the term. Should you reoffend or otherwise misbehave, you will be recalled to serve the rest of your term in custody.

You, Mohammed Kayani, Berkley John, and you, Mohammed Aslam, will each be subject to the notification requirements and on the Sexual Offenders Register for life. That does not apply to you, Mr Ahmed. You will all be included on the list held by the Independent Safeguarding Authority of those barred from working with children. If the

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surcharge applies, it can be drawn up in the appropriate amount and dealt with by way of a collection order at the magistrates' court.

I have already said that I commend [Person A2] in giving evidence in this case. Far from being worthless, she is a woman of tremendous spirit and courage. I very much hope, now the jury have believed her, that she can find a way to move forward with her life. You

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may go down.

UNIDENTIFIED COUNSEL: Your Honour, can I ask this, please, that your Honour's sentencing remarks be uploaded to the system? Because again that will avoid asking for transcription from the tapes for any other court that might be asked to (inaudible)? JUDGE CUTTS: I will do so, but they may not be precise because I have added some words

which I didn't write down ---

UNIDENTIFIED COUNSEL: Yes.

JUDGE CUTTS: --- but they will be as -- please don't take them as entirely precise.

UNIDENTIFIED COUNSEL: No, well, with that caveat, your Honour, they will be of great assistance in looking at others. Thank you.

F

JUDGE CUTTS: Yes, of course. Thank you. Can I pass back, please, the documentation you've passed up to me. Ms Simpson, the documentation as far as Mr Kayani's concerned, that's for Ms Manley and for Mr Shays.

MS SIMPSON: Thank you, your Honour. I will make sure that they are uploaded.

G

JUDGE CUTTS: And can I thank all of you, each one of you individually, for your assistance in what has been, I think, a difficult case for all. Thank you.

UNIDENTIFIED COUNSEL 2: Before your Honour rises, might I return very briefly to the

reporting restrictions? I note that your Honour referred to [Person B] in the sentencing remarks. In think the circumstances, that name probably ought to be not reported as well, so
H just to make that clear.

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JUDGE CUTTS: Indeed, within the sentencing. I agree, thank you.

UNIDENTIFIED COUNSEL 2: Yes, thank you.

B

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